

COGCC 1st Quarter 2021 HB 14-1356 Report

Operator	Operator #	NOAV Nos.	NOAV Date	Violations in Order	Penalty (Total)	Penalty Imposed on Defunct and/or Non-Responsive Operator (Y/N)	Penalty (Suspended)	Penalty Days	Daily Penalty	Aggravating Factors	Mitigating Factors	Pattern of Violation (Y/N)	Gross Negligence or Knowing & Willful misconduct (Y/N)	AOC or OFV	Other Rationale	Docket No.	Order No. (1V)	Final Order Date
Andeavor Field Services LLC	10551	402319237	2/27/2020	324A.b, 605.d, 907.a	\$22,500	N	N	2	\$12,500	N	N	N	N	AOC	Consolidation of Violations, Settlement Inducement	200700200	749	1/13/2021
Plug Nickel Oil Company Inc.	10556	402234481	11/8/2019	912.b	\$10,000	N	\$5,000	1	\$10,000	N	N	N	N	AOC	Inability to Pay, Suspended Penalty	200800227	750	2/2/2021
Laramie Energy LLC	10433	402277050	1/3/2020	324A.b, 605.d, 907.a	\$31,500	N	N	3	\$10,500	N	N	N	N	AOC	Consolidation of Violations, Settlement Inducement	200600160	748	1/27/2021
Bison Oil & Gas II LLC	10661	402259470	1/9/2020	1002.f	\$183,150	N	\$109,890	135	\$1,357	N	N	N	N	AOC	Duration Matrix, Settlement Inducement, Suspended Penalty	201000251	751	3/9/2021

Total Penalties Assessed

\$247,150

A. Aggravating Factors

1. The violator acted with gross negligence or knowing and willful misconduct.
2. The violation resulted in significant waste of oil and gas resources.
3. The violation had a significant negative impact on correlative rights of other parties.
4. The violator was recalcitrant or uncooperative with the Commission or other agencies in correcting or responding to the violation.
5. The violator falsified reports or records.
6. The violator benefited economically from the violation, in which case the amount of such benefit shall be taken into consideration.
7. The violator has engaged in a pattern of violations.
8. The violation led to death or serious injury.

B. Mitigating Factors

1. The violator self-reported the violation.
2. The violator demonstrated prompt, effective and prudent response to the violation, including assistance to any impacted parties.
3. The cause of the violation was outside of the violator's reasonable control and responsibility, or is customarily considered to be force majeure.
4. The violator made a good faith effort to comply with applicable requirements prior to the Commission learning of the violation
5. The cost of correcting the violation reduced or eliminated any economic benefit to the violator, excluding circumstances in which increased costs stemmed from non-compliance.
6. The violator has demonstrated a history of compliance with the Act, and Commission rules, orders, and permits.